

IPv6 Allocation and Assignment

21 October 2010 Krakow Poland

Timothy Lowe



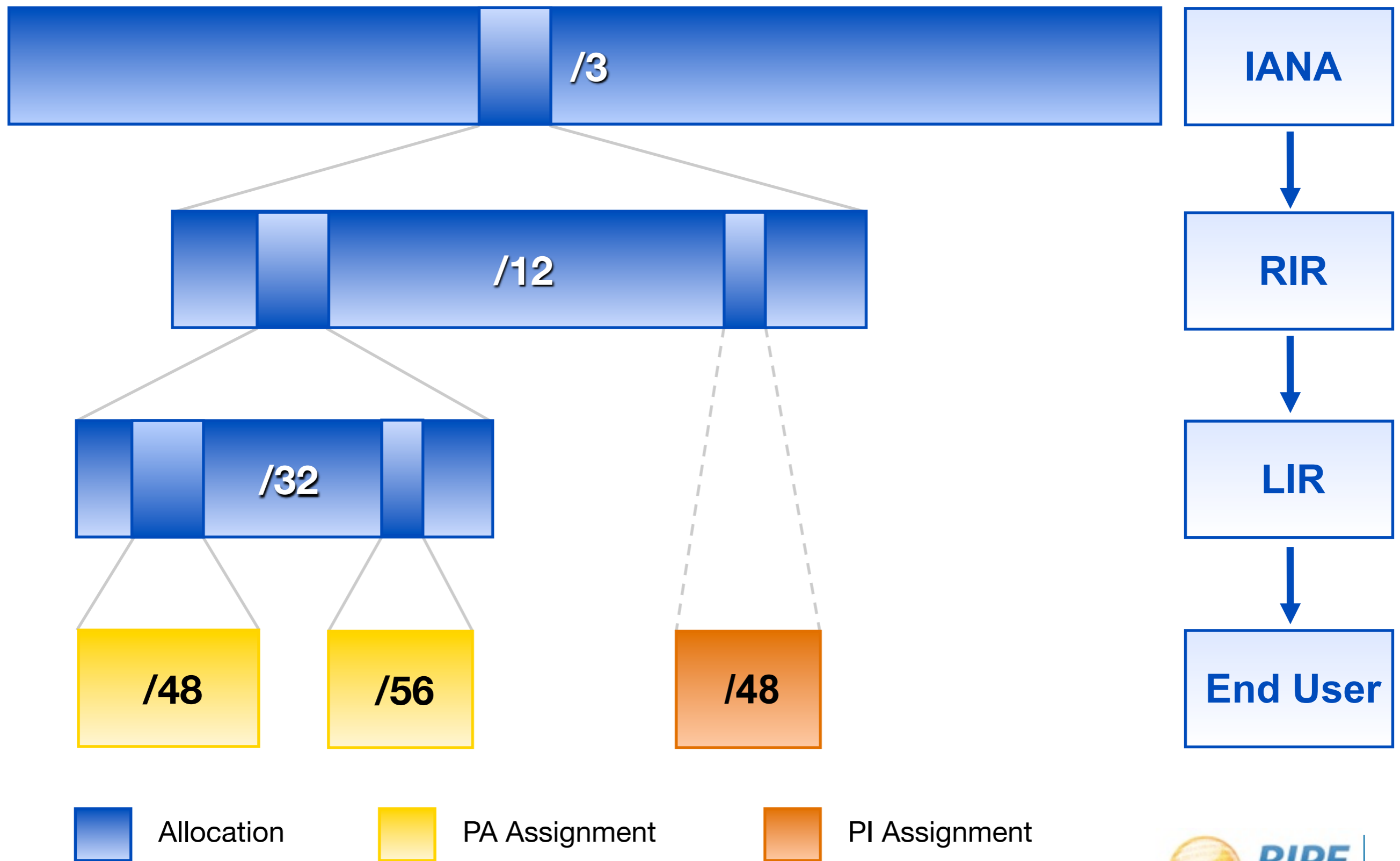
Overview

- The RIPE NCC
- IPv6 Statistics
- Getting IPv6 Addresses

The Registry System



IP Address Distribution



The 5 RIRs

ARIN
American Registry for Internet Numbers

RIPE
NCC

APNIC

LACNIC

AfriNIC

RIPE
NCC

RIPE / RIPE NCC

RIPE

Operators community

Develops addressing policies

Working group mailing lists

2010 meetings:

Prague 3-7 May

Rome 15-19 November

RIPE NCC

Located in Amsterdam

Not for profit membership organisation

One of five RIRs - distributes IP & ASN



Statistics

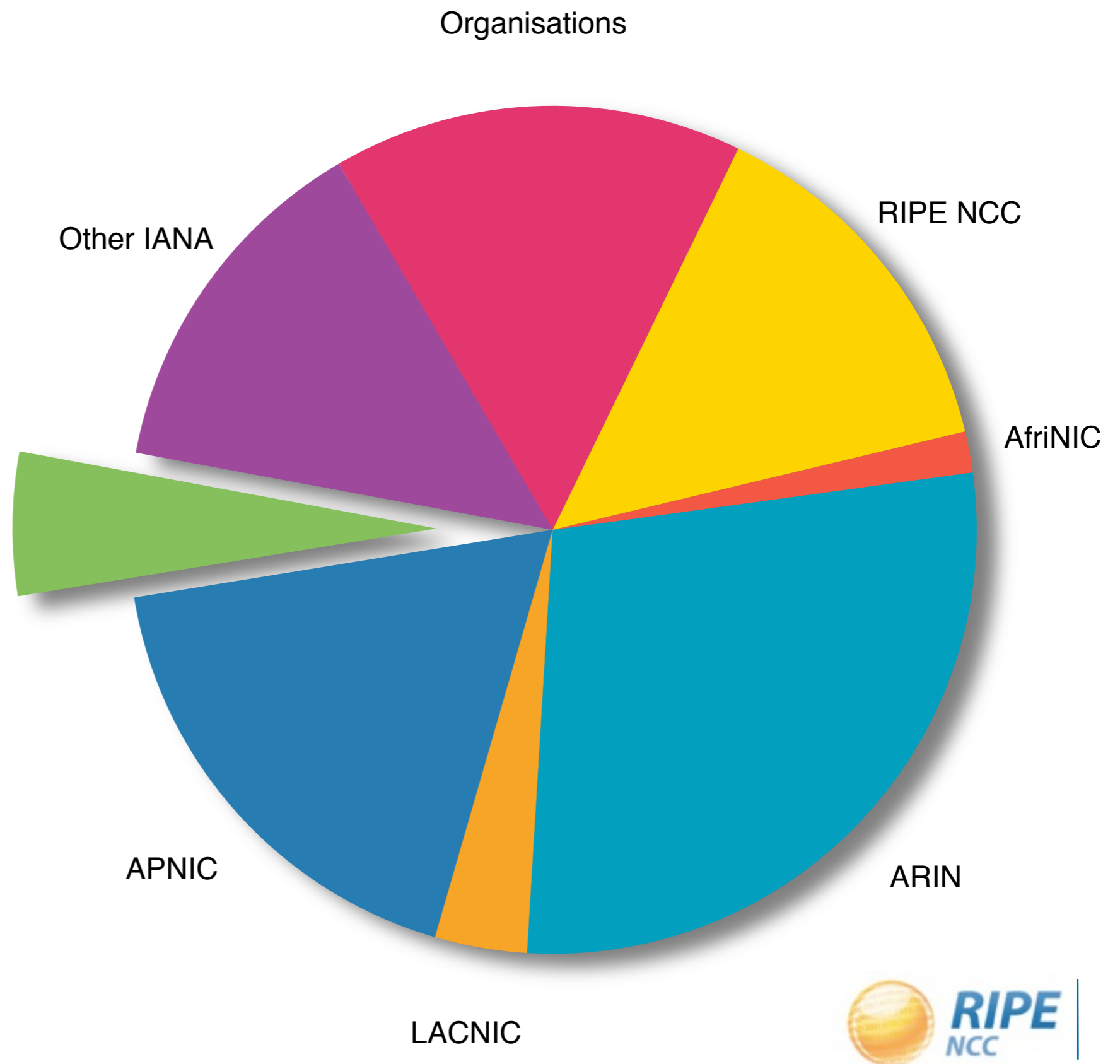


Reaching the next billion

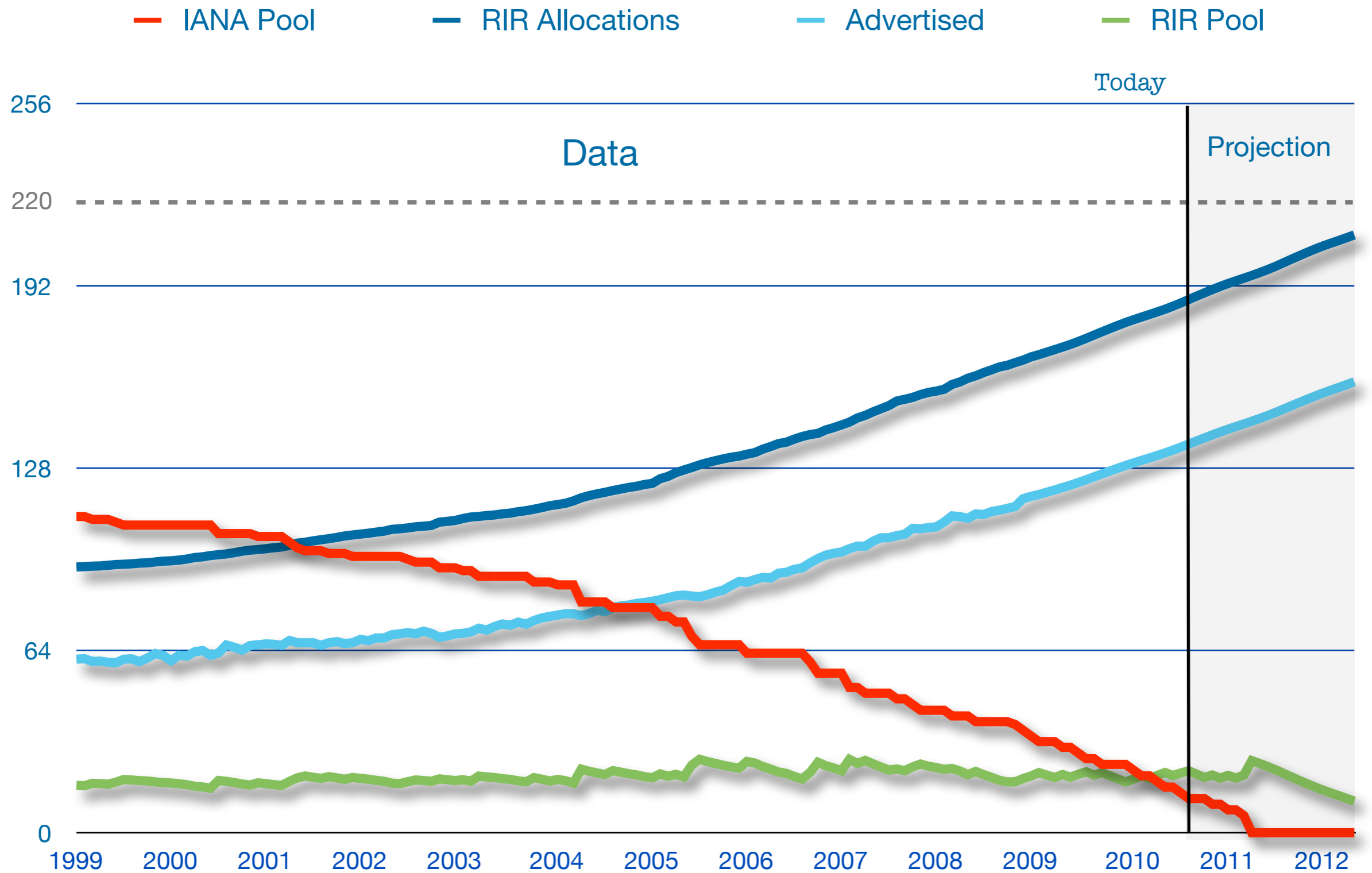
- Around 1.8 billion Internet users now
 - around 27% of all people
- Mobile phones are becoming Internet devices
- The Internet of things

IPv4 Address Pool

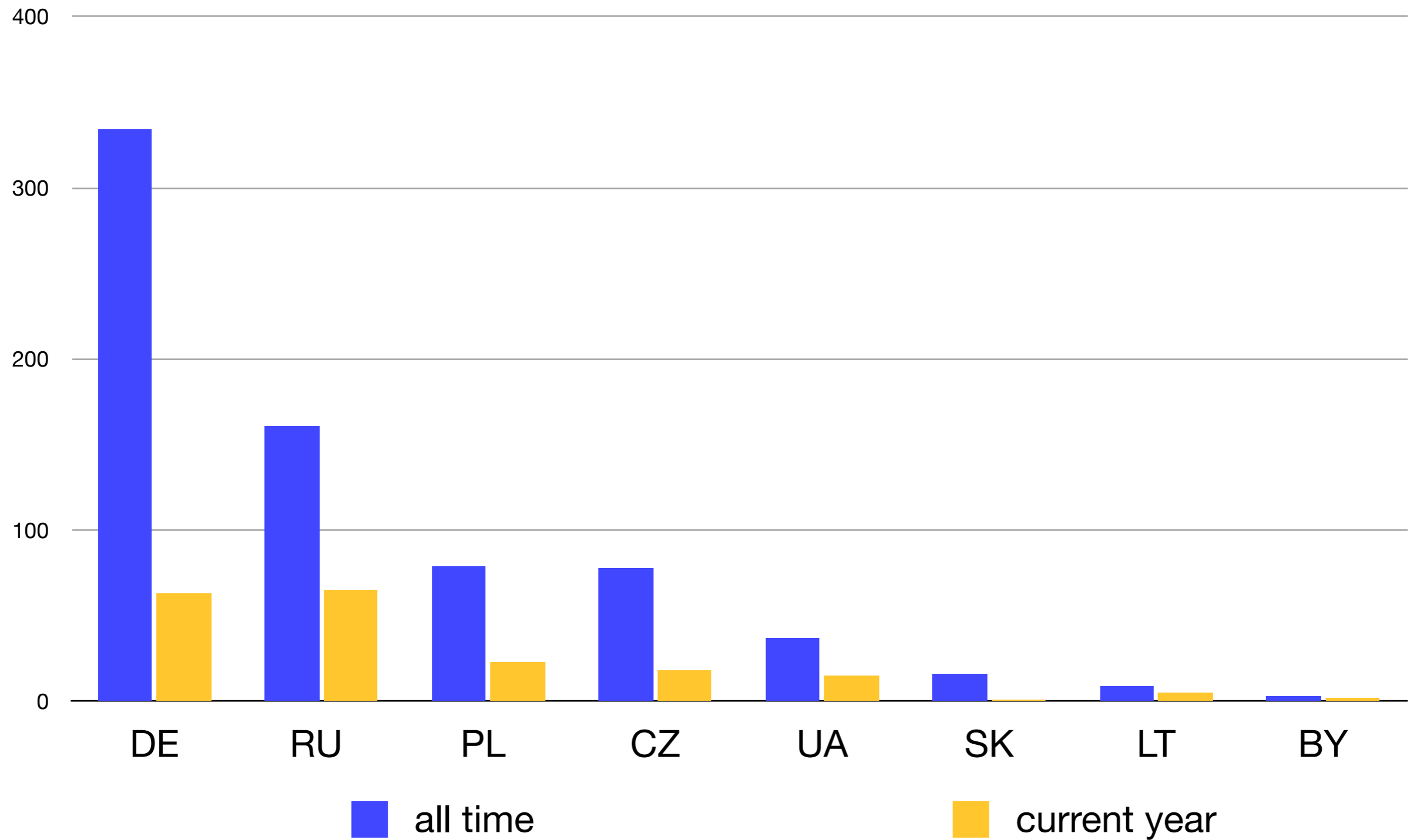
4.688%
available



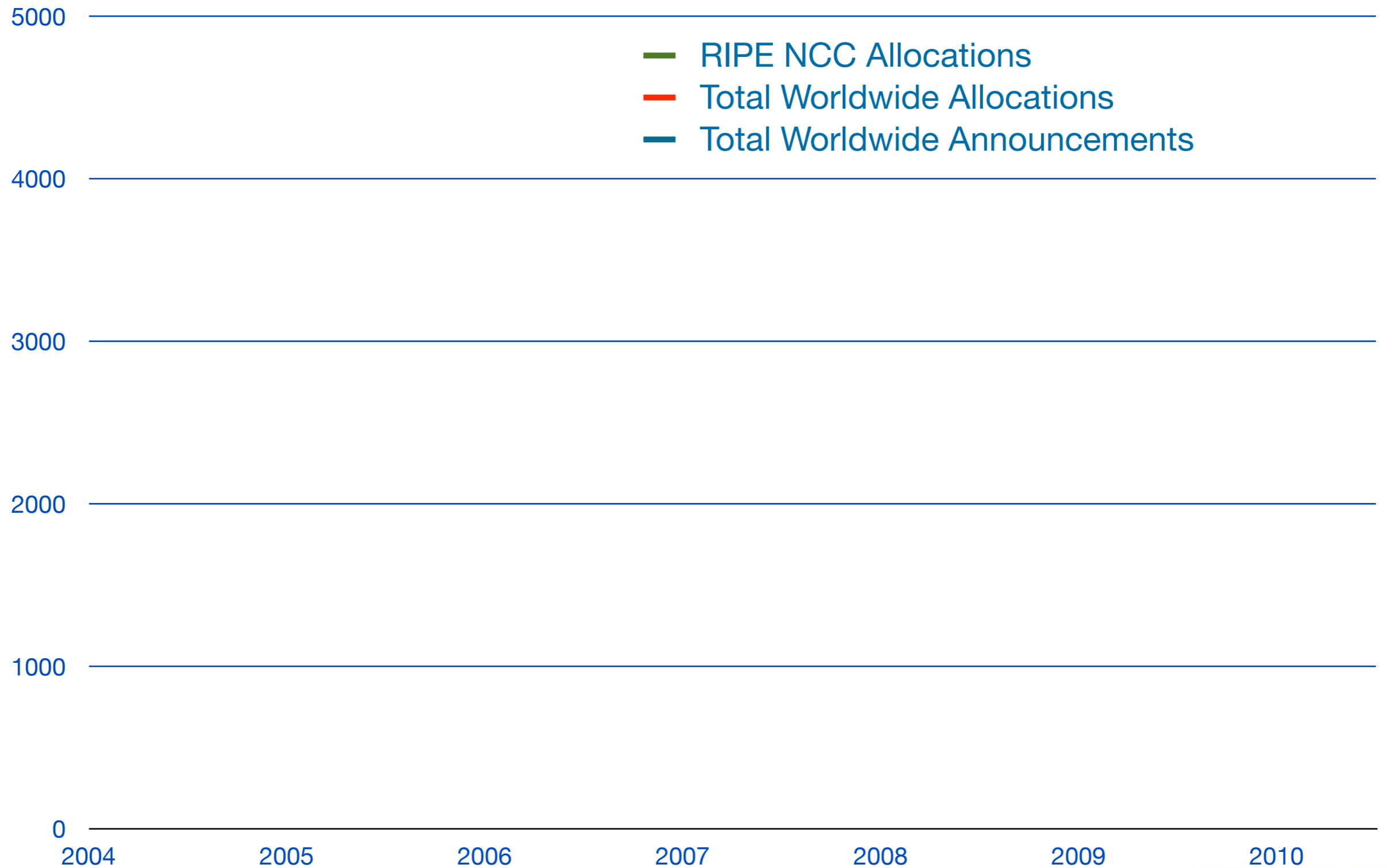
IPv4 Allocation Timeline



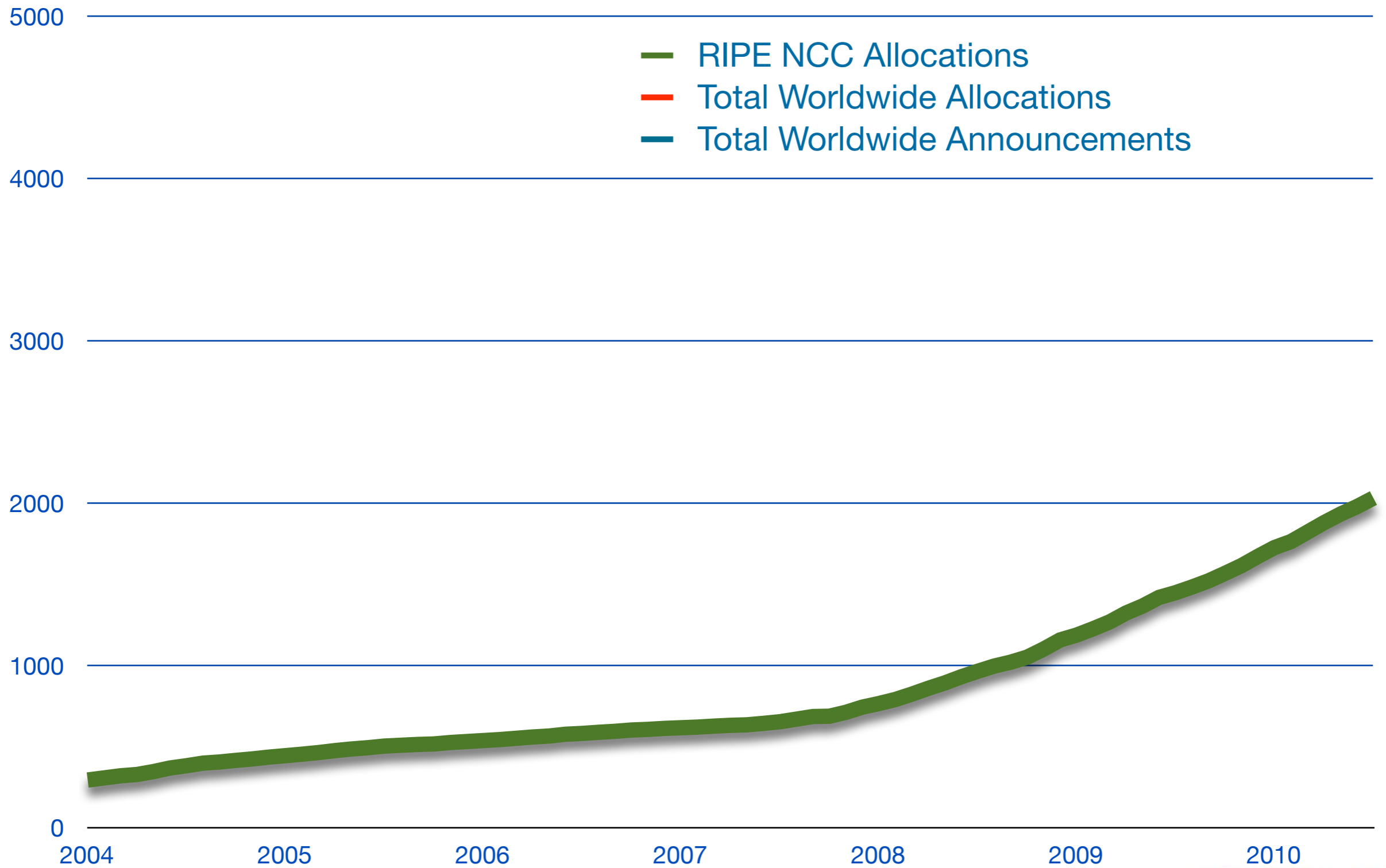
Number of Allocations



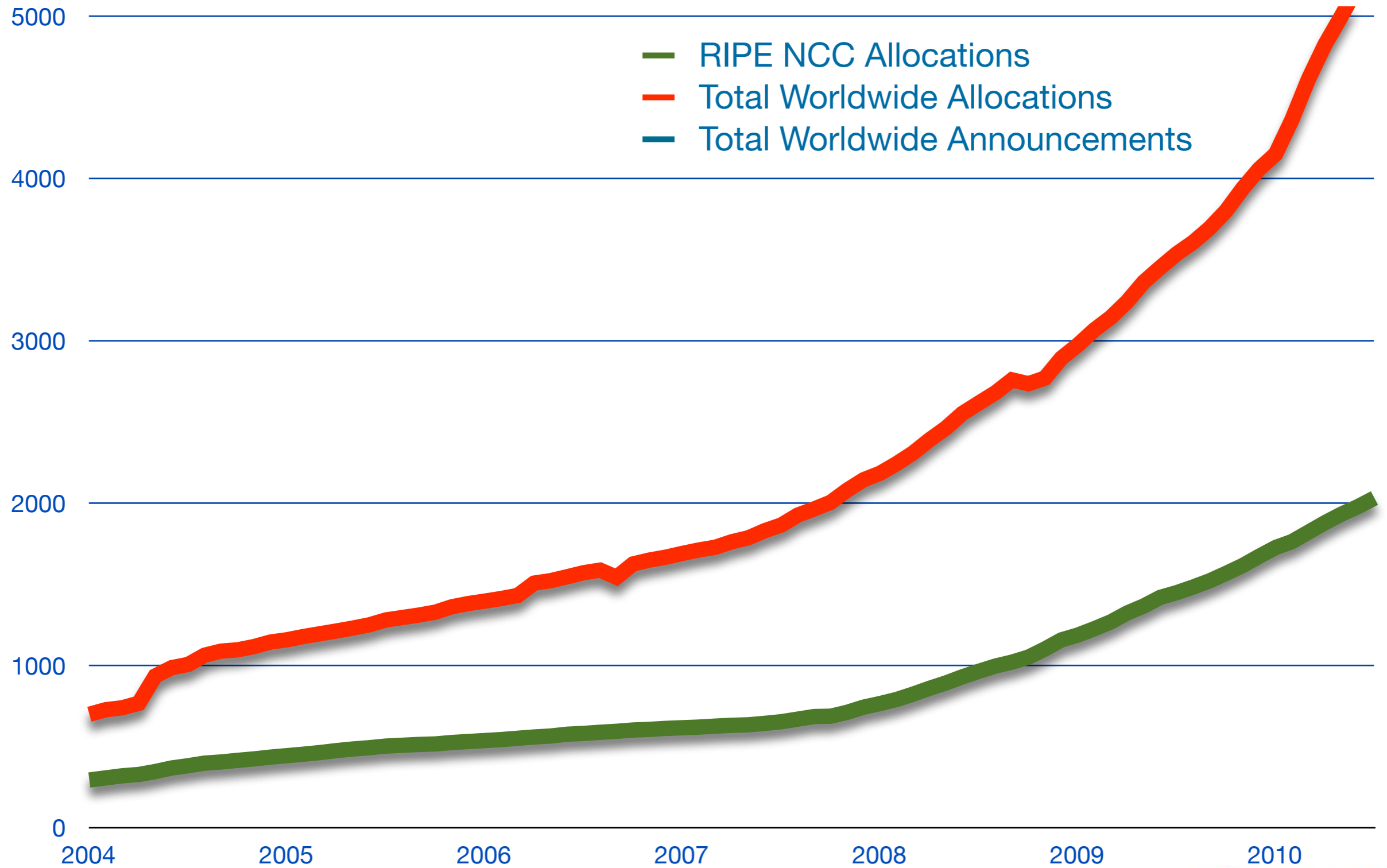
IPv6 Allocations and Announcements



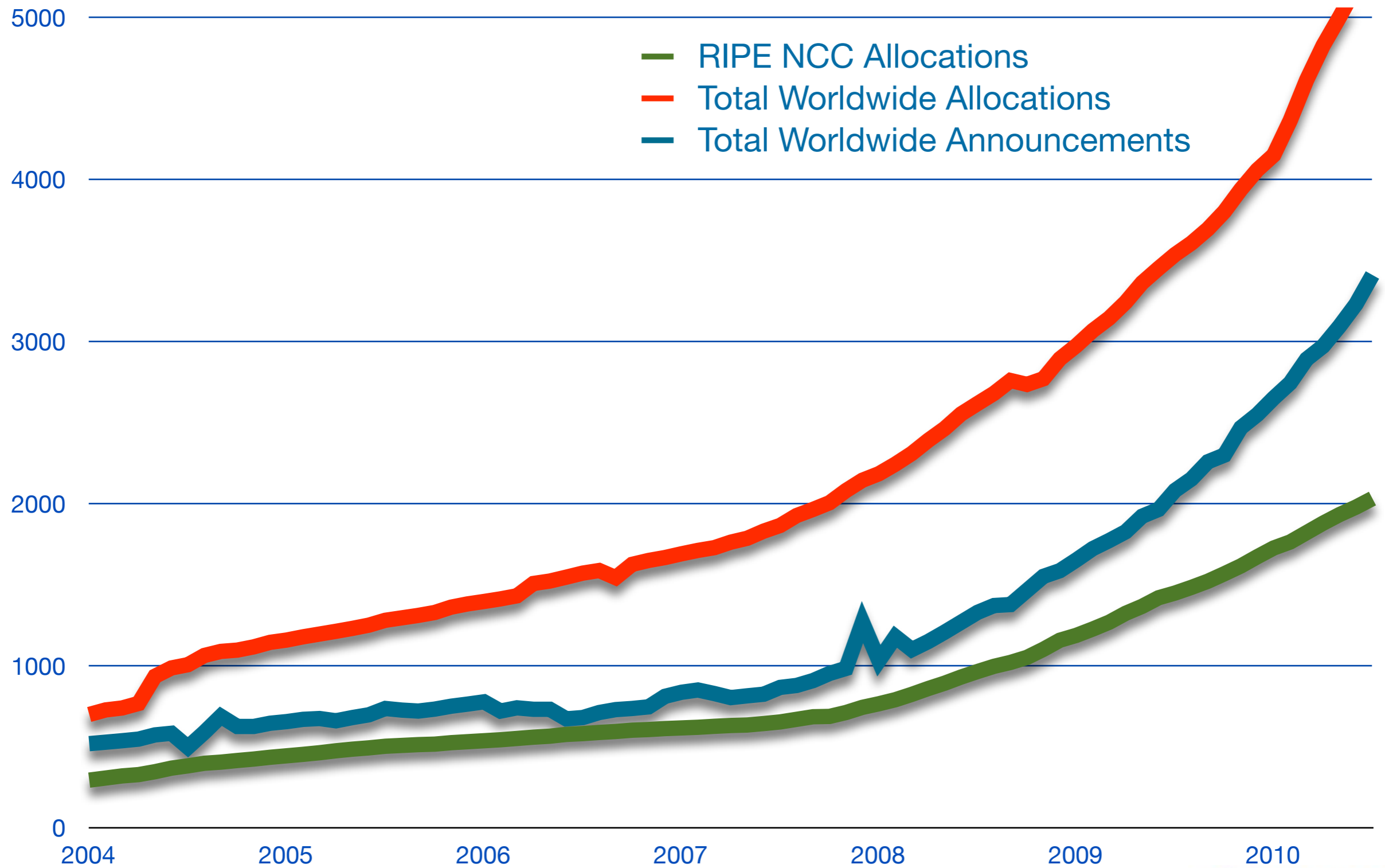
IPv6 Allocations and Announcements



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IPv6 Allocations and Announcements



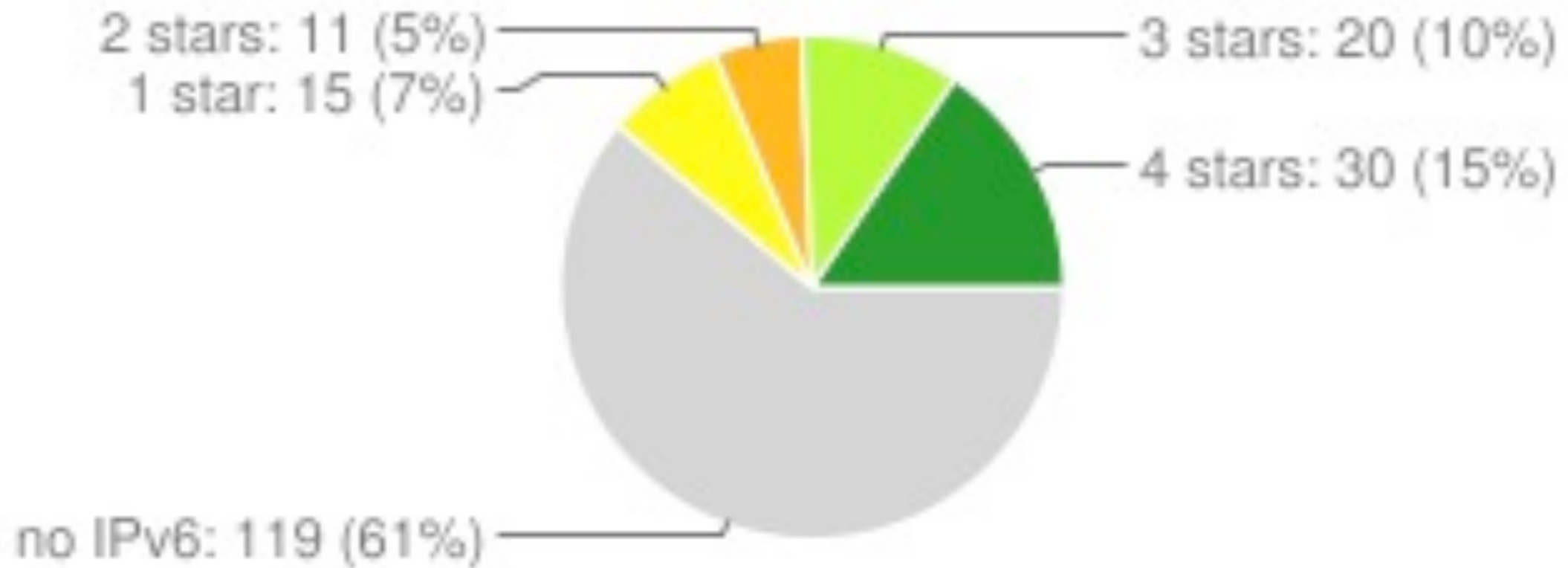
IPv6 Ripeness

- Rating system:
 - One star if the LIR has an IPv6 allocation
 - Additional stars if:
 - IPv6 Prefix is announced on router
 - A route6 object is in the RIPE Database
 - Reverse DNS is set up



IPv6 Ripeness

Poland (195 LIRs)



Wait and See?



Reduced Assignment Periods

- Used to be: 24 months
- January 2010: 12 months
- July 2010: 9 months
- January 2011: 6 months
- July 2011: 3 months

Hot IPv4 / IPv6 Policy Topics

- Ensuring efficient use of historical IPv4 Resources (2008-07)
 - On hold for now because there is no proposer
- Allocations from the last /8 (2010-02)
 - New and existing LIRs can receive only one /22 allocation
 - only if they already have IPv6 space!

Getting it



Getting an IPv6 allocation

- To qualify, an organisation must:
 - Be an LIR
 - Have a plan for making assignments within two years
- Minimum allocation size /32



What does an IPv6 allocation cost?

- /32 = 1 scoring unit
- /31 = 2 scoring units
- points = $\sum(2010-1992) \times (\text{scoring unit}) = 18 \times 1 + \dots$

Category	Points	Fee 2010
Extra Small	0 - 16	€ 1300
Small	- 111	€ 1800
Medium	- 936	€ 2550
Large	- 7116	€ 4100
Extra Large	> 7116	€ 5500

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Scenario: Do Nothing

- No problems for next few years
- Some people won't be able to use your services
- No extra costs
 - until you hit the wall
- High costs for quick implementation
- Short planning times will mean some things go wrong

Scenario: Act Now, Phased Approach

- Change purchasing procedure (feature parity)
- Check your current hardware and software
- Plan every step and test
- One service at a time
 - face first
 - core
 - customers
- Prepare to be able to switch off IPv4



Change your face first

- Web
- Authoritative DNS
- Mail servers

- Outsiders see these services
- Multiple mature implementations exist

Don'ts

- Don't separate IPv6 features from IPv4
- Don't do everything in one go
- Don't appoint an IPv6 specialist
 - do you have an IPv4 specialist?
- Don't see IPv6 as a product
 - the Internet is the product

Do

- Phased approach
- Change requirements for new hardware
- Work outside-in, then inside-out
- Feature parity
- Dual stack
- Think about possible future renumbering

IPv6 Act Now

- Launched in June 2009
- News, statistics, interviews, forum
- For governments, business and technical communities
- <http://www.IPv6ActNow.org>

Questions?

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