

Routing Security

Let's Get Serious

PLNOG / Kraków

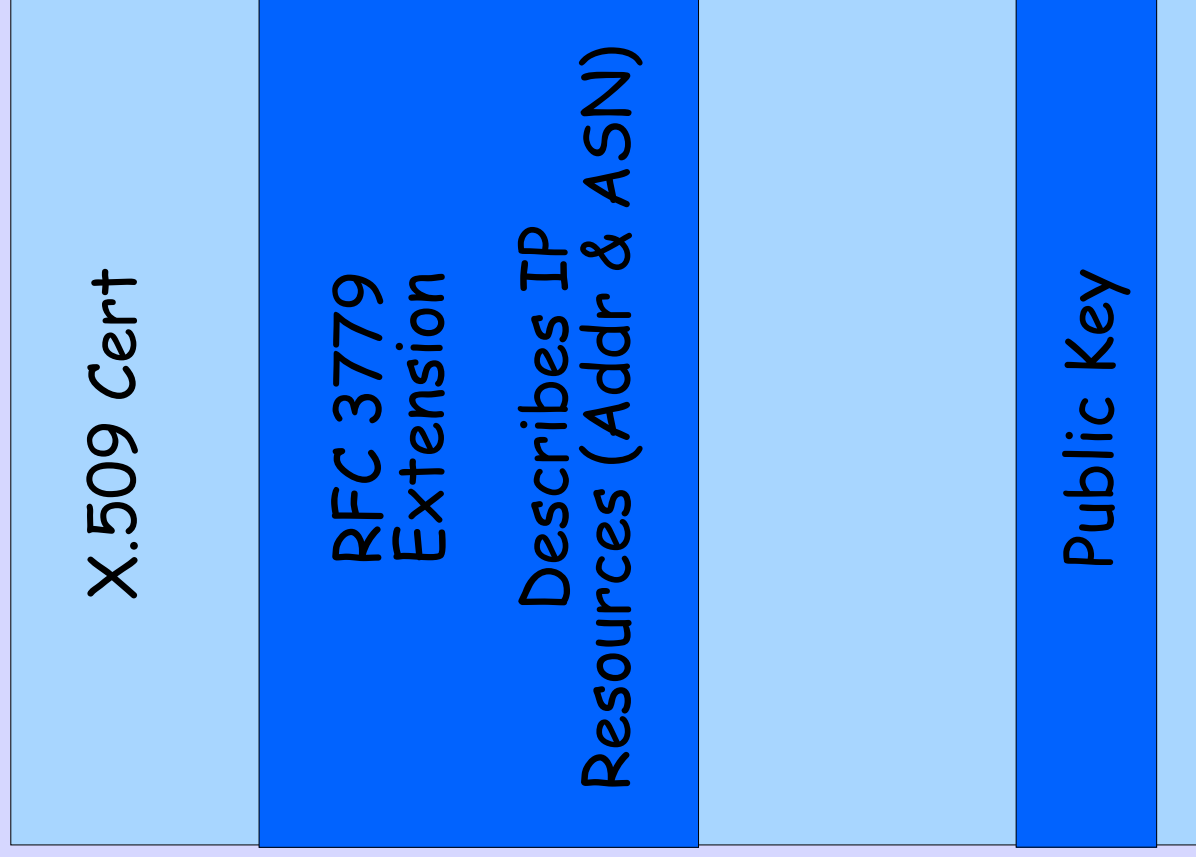
2008.09.18

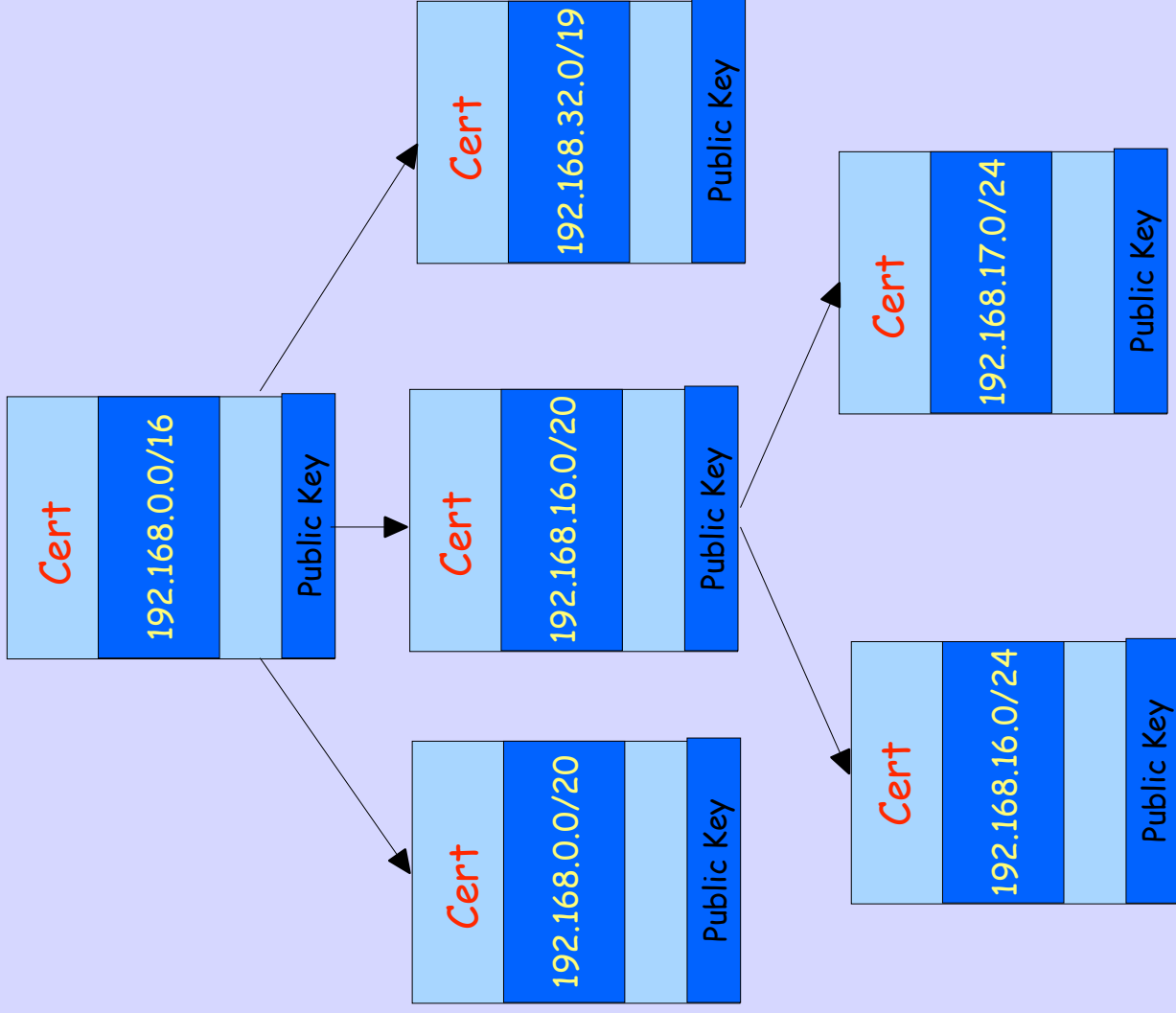
Randy Bush <randy@psg.com>

<<http://archive.psg.com/080918.plnog-route-sec.pdf>>

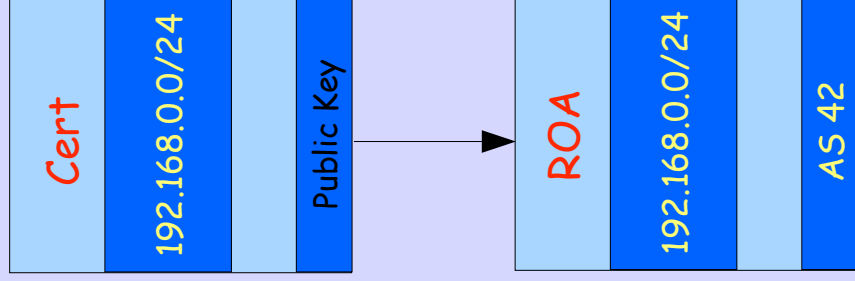
**I have been working
on this RPKI X.509
Certification of
Resource Stuff**

X.509 Cert w/ 3779

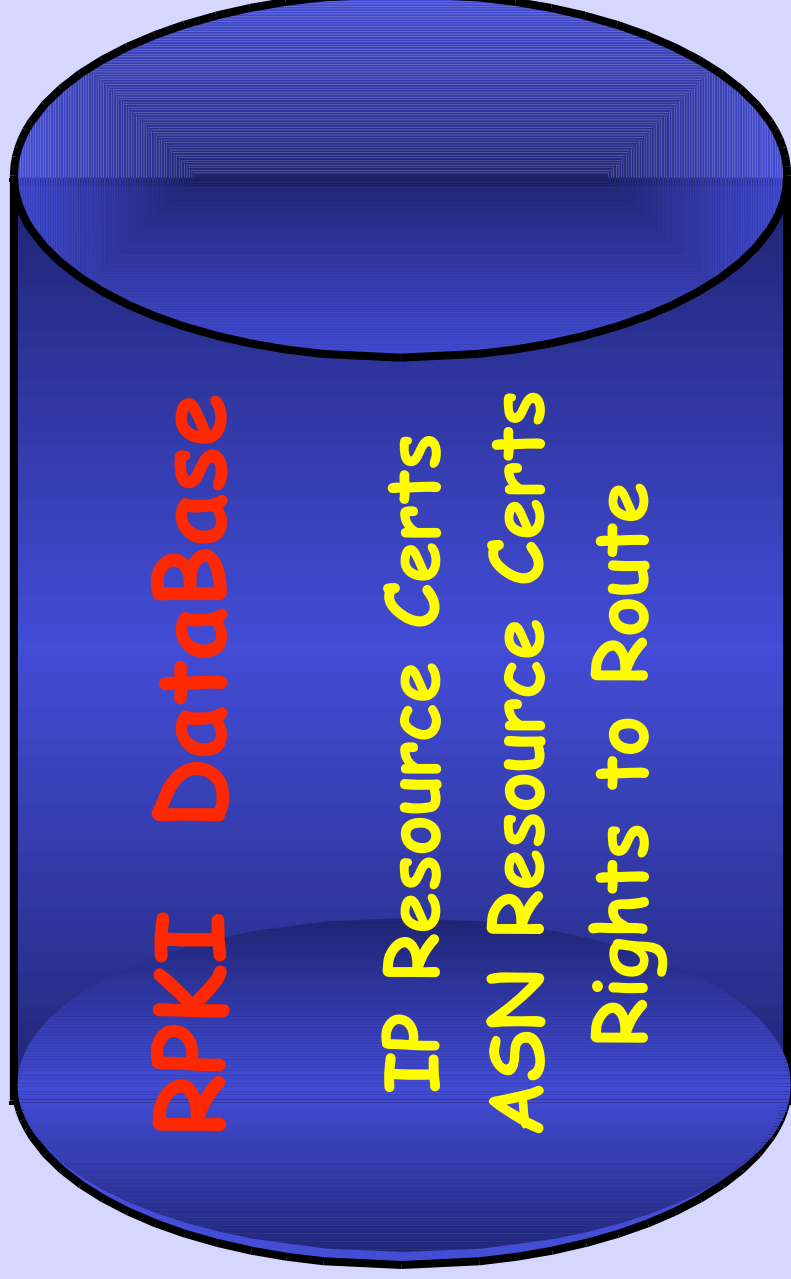




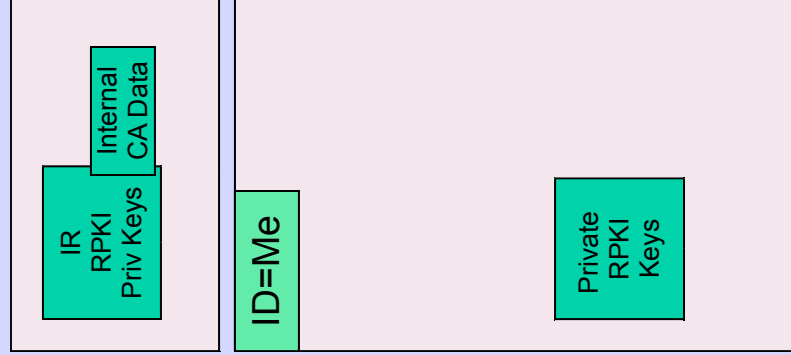
Route Origin Attestation (ROA)



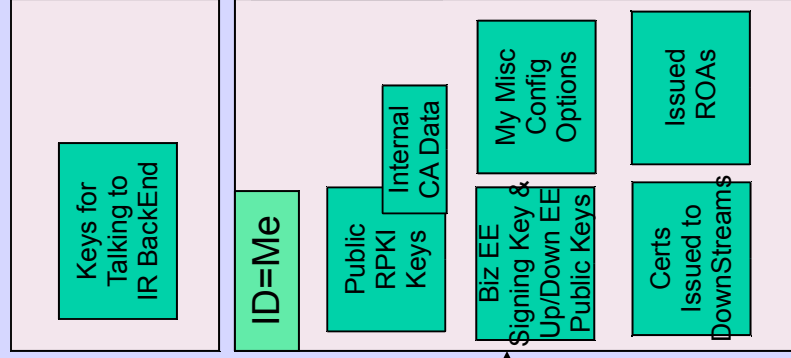
Resource Public Key Infrastructure



[Hardware] Signing Module

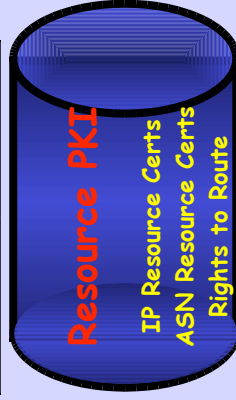


RPKI Engine

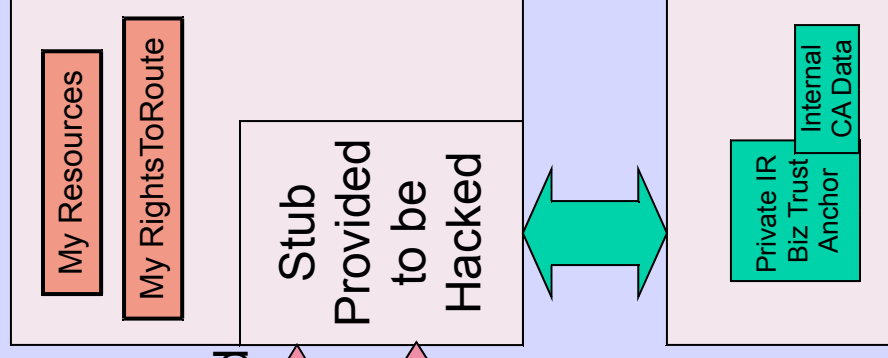


Publication XML Protocol

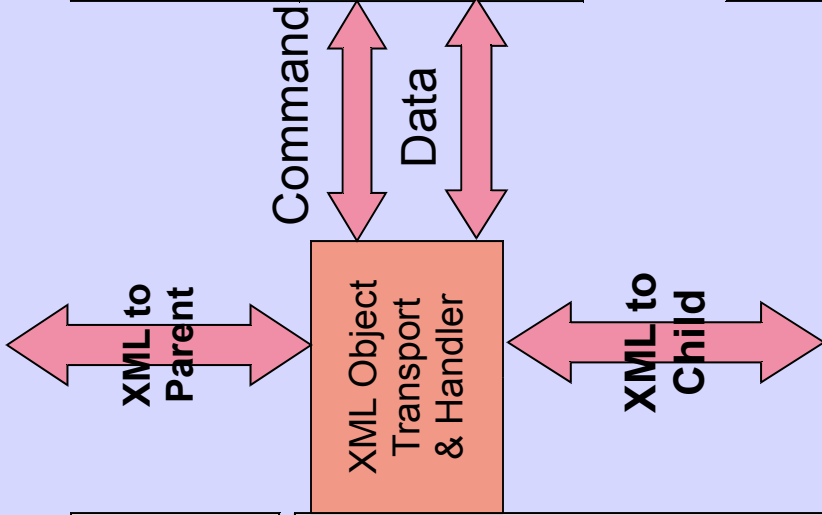
Repo Mgt



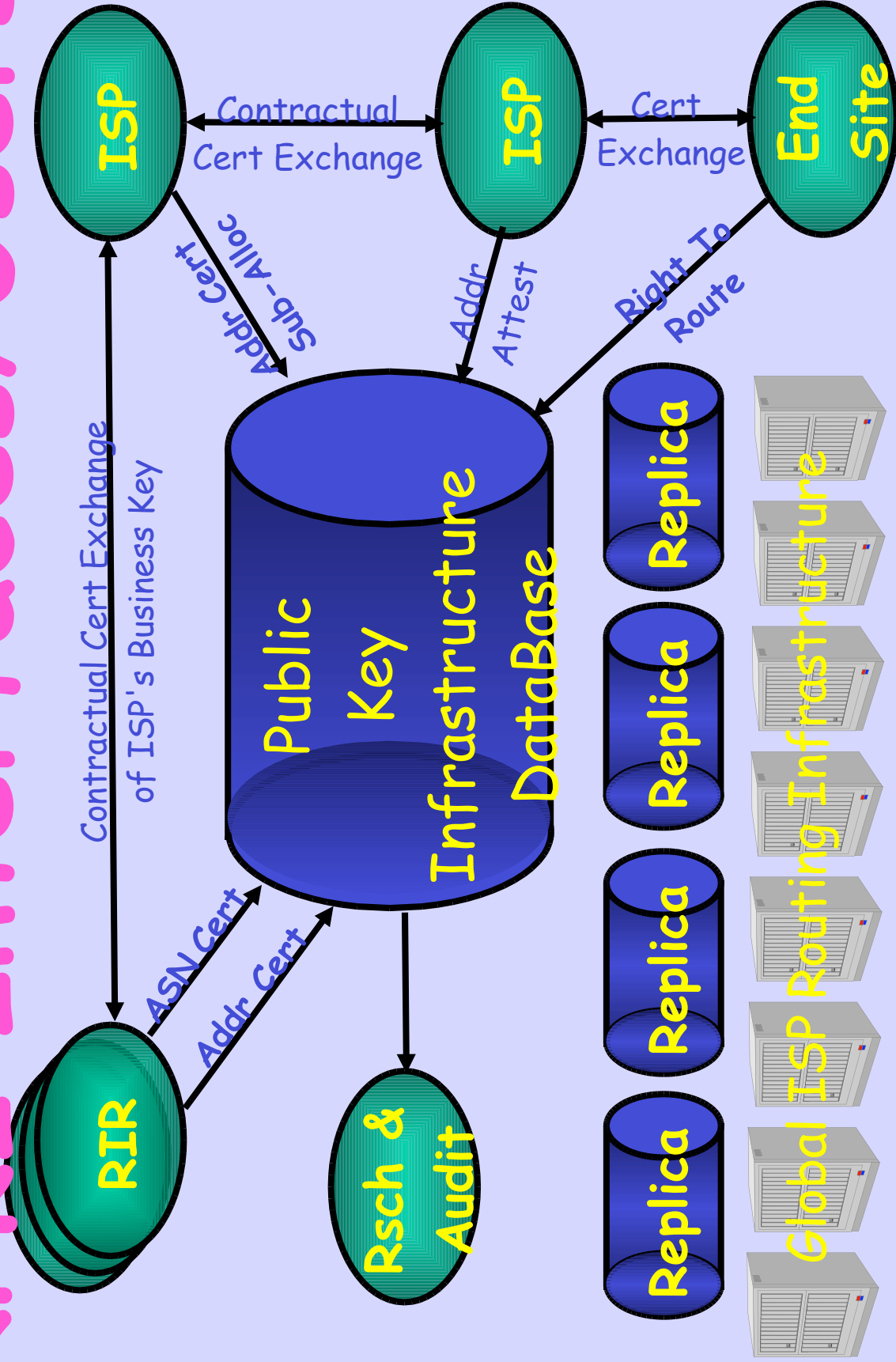
IR Back End



Business Key/Cert Management



RPKI Interfaces/Users



Implementations

- APNIC Up/Down only, and no intent to deal with hosting hierarchy below them
- RIPE, ARIN, and others deciding
- Lack of Left-Right not a big issue as it only inhibits software independence
- Lack of Publication Protocol forces RIR repository on the members

Why Do I Care?

- Formal validation of who can ask me to route what prefixes
- Automation of route filters
- Real routing security in the long term
- Fairness in address trading

Cheap Filter Automation

- This is Ruediger's epiphany, not mine
- Use ROAs to generate a fake IRR of Route: objects
- Put this ersatz-IRR in front of the other IRRs when running peval()
- A lot of benefit at zero RPSL or software change!

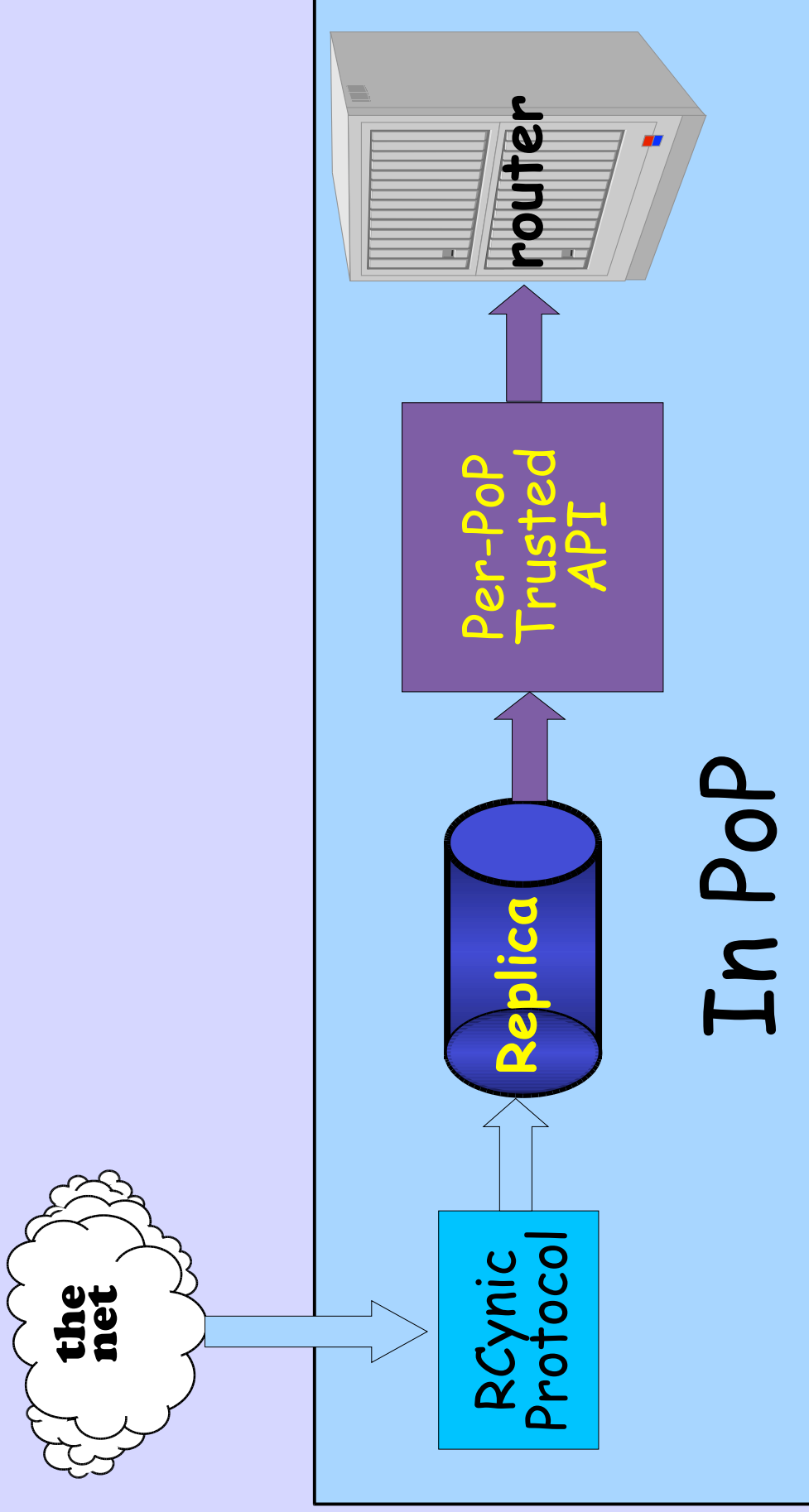
**Where I am really going
in the long term is**

BGP Routing Security

Origin-only Validation

- A vendor is willing to do, & is starting
 - We are passing clue to them
 - We are doing research on estimation of compute and traffic loads
- Will not do Path Validation if not first comfortable with Origin
- Need to get all vendors on board

RPKI / Router API



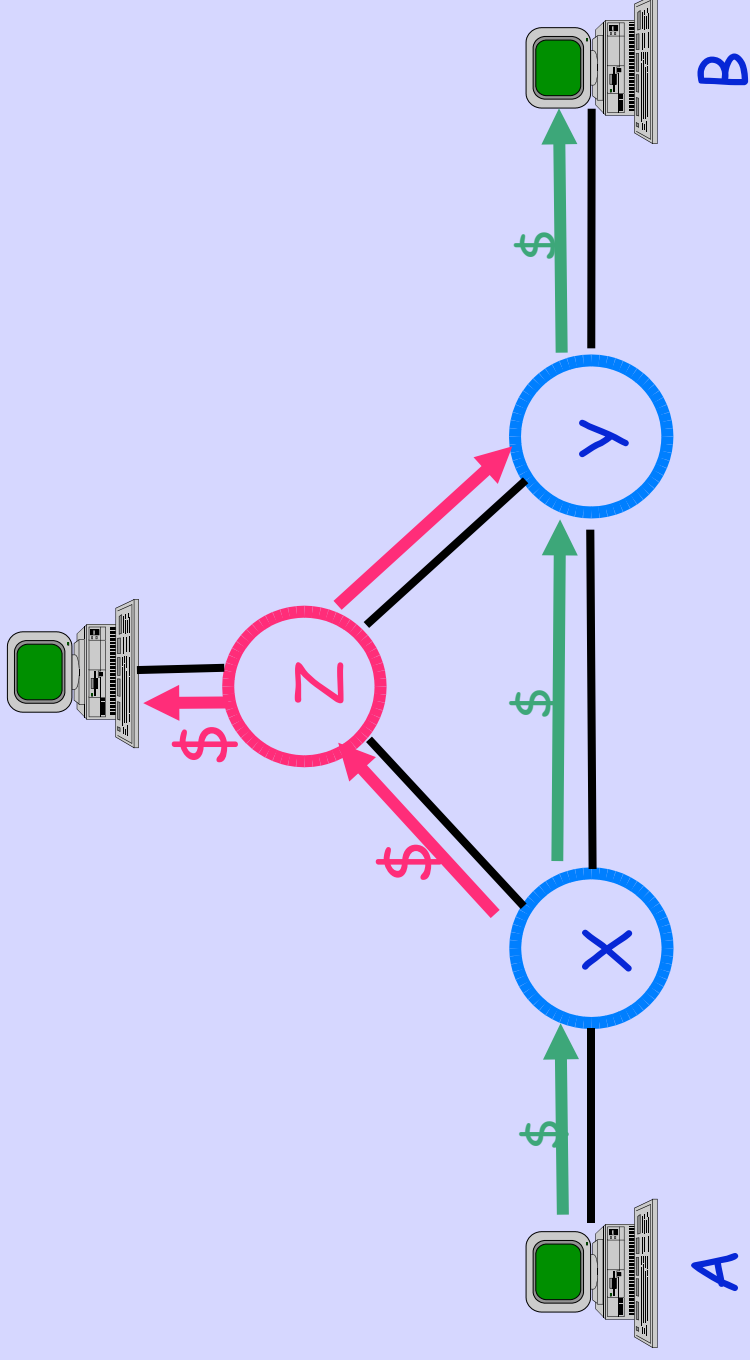
RPKI/Router API

- Must work with ROA for origin-only
- And with all certs for S-BGP
- And must not be vendor biased
- And it must work when it is all stuffed inside a bigish router
- Get Juniper on board too

But This is Not Enough

- It will help with configuration errors,
e.g. the YouTube Incident
- It will not prevent even all manual
misconfiguration issues
- It will not protect against BGP routing
attacks
- See Tony's and Alex's DefCon Attack

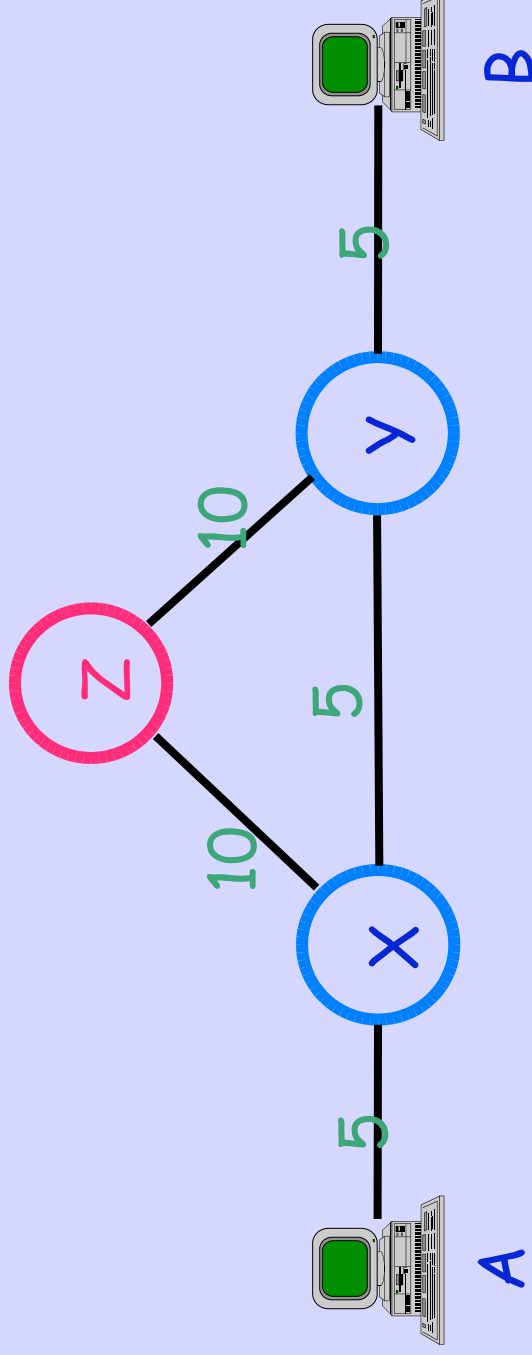
Diversion Attack



Expected Path - A->X->Y->B

Diverted Path - A->X->Z->Y->B

How Does Z Do It?



Y tells X and Z that costs are B:5

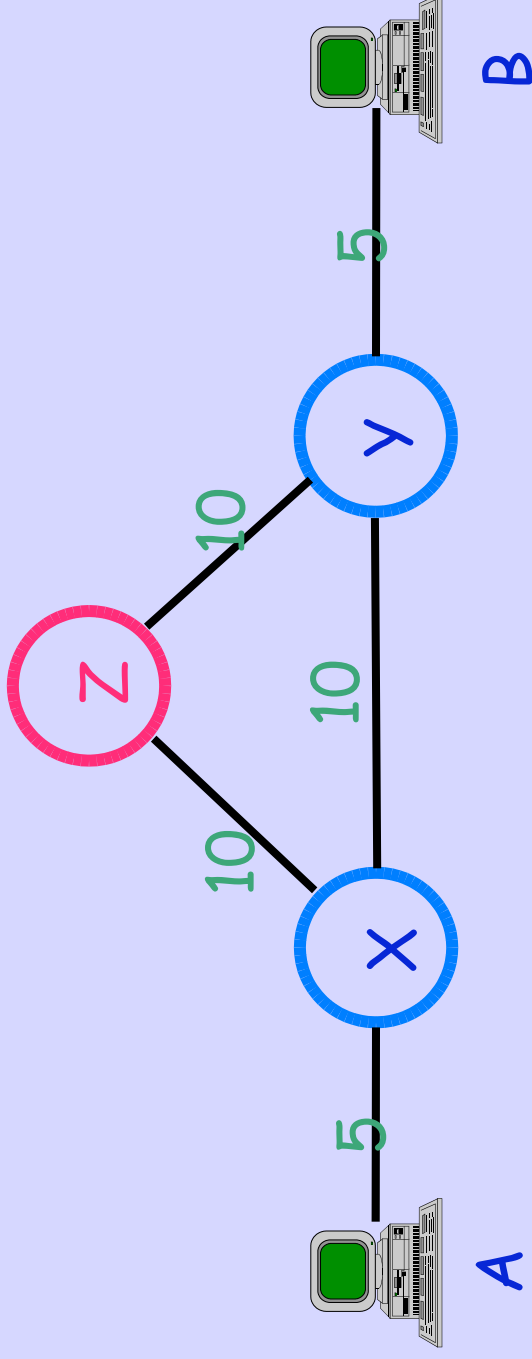
X tells A and Z that costs are Y:5 B:10

Z tells X that costs are Y:10 B:15

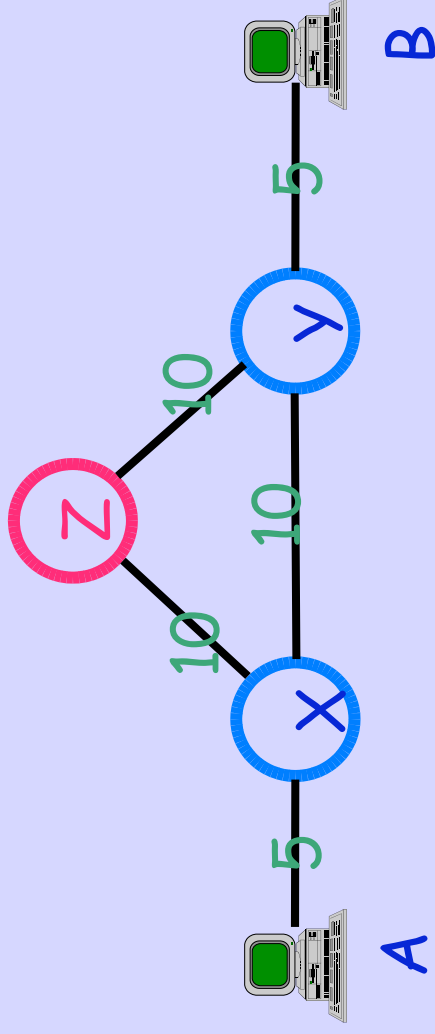
Z tells X that costs are **Y:10 B:4**

X now sends B's traffic to Z!!!

Why is this a Hard Problem?

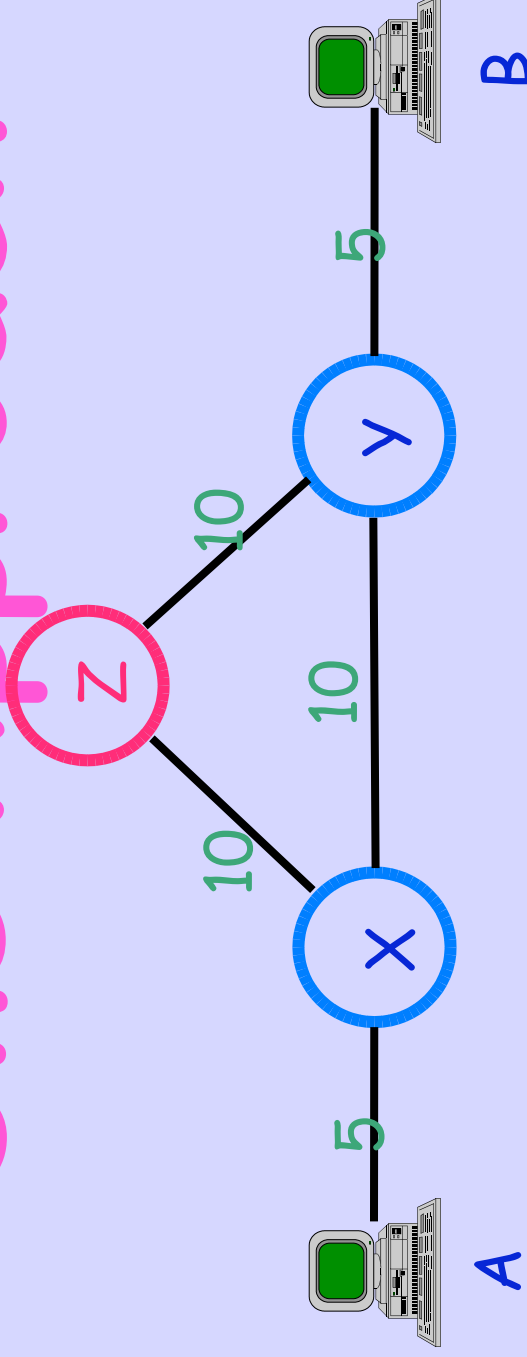


- X does not really know Z's links
- X does not really know Y's links
- They trust each other re costs!



- Validating IP prefix ownership does not help, as Z is not lying about B's owning it
- Using IRR-like peering map does not help, as Z is not lying about who connects to whom

One Approach



- B cryptographically signs the message to Y $S_b(Y \rightarrow B=5)$
- Y signs messages to X and Z encapsulating B's message
 $S_y(X \rightarrow Y=10 S_b(Y \rightarrow B=5))$ and $S_y(Z \rightarrow Y=10 S_b(Y \rightarrow B=5))$
- Z can only sign $S_z(X \rightarrow Z=10 S_y(Z \rightarrow Y=10 S_b(Y \rightarrow B=5)))$
- Now X can verify paths and costs
- **Forward path signing** solves the 'simple' case

Costs

- Crypto-CPU-intensive
- Use caching
- Use pre or delayed validation
- Moore's 'Law' is our friend
- Crypto chips are cheap
- Most announcements are boring

Path Validation

- S-BGP is the right direction. It is congruent with BGP and does about all that we know how to do today
- But it needs work, e.g. not per router but per AS, etc.

The Path(s) Forward

- Finish RPKI code
- Finish/ship sidr drafts
- RPKI testbed deployment
- Origin-only validation for routers
- S-BGP prototype and spec
- S-BGP testbed and ISP socialization

Thanks To

PLNOG

Internet Initiative Japan

ARIN

The Internet Society

Thanks To

PLNOG

Internet Initiative Japan

A Cisco Research Grant

Thanks To

PLNOG

Internet Initiative Japan

A Cisco Research Grant

Thanks To

PLNOG

Internet Initiative Japan

A Cisco Research Grant

Thanks To

PLNOG

Internet Initiative Japan

A Cisco Research Grant