
TLS renegotiation authentication GAP

Yes, it is really a serious vulnerability

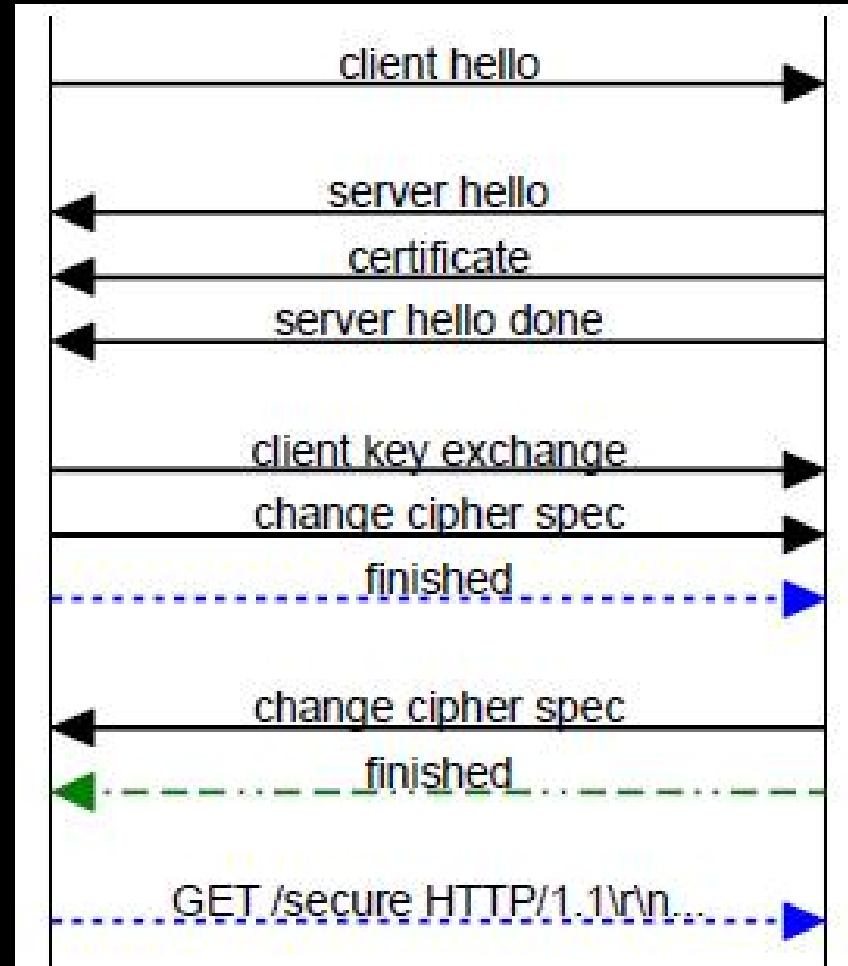
Agenda

- » Why do we use TLS/SSL?
 - A typical SSL session
- » What is renegotiation?
 - An SSL renegotiated session
- » The attack
- » The consequences
 - Ordering pizza
 - Stealing twitter passwords
- » The (lack of) patches

Why do we use TLS/SSL?

- » TLS is intended to provide:
 - Confidentiality
 - Integrity
 - Non repudiation
- » Intended to secure communication over an **entrusted** channel
- » Certificates prove identity of Server (and client) and should make MitM attacks impossible

A typical SSL Session



What is renegotiation?

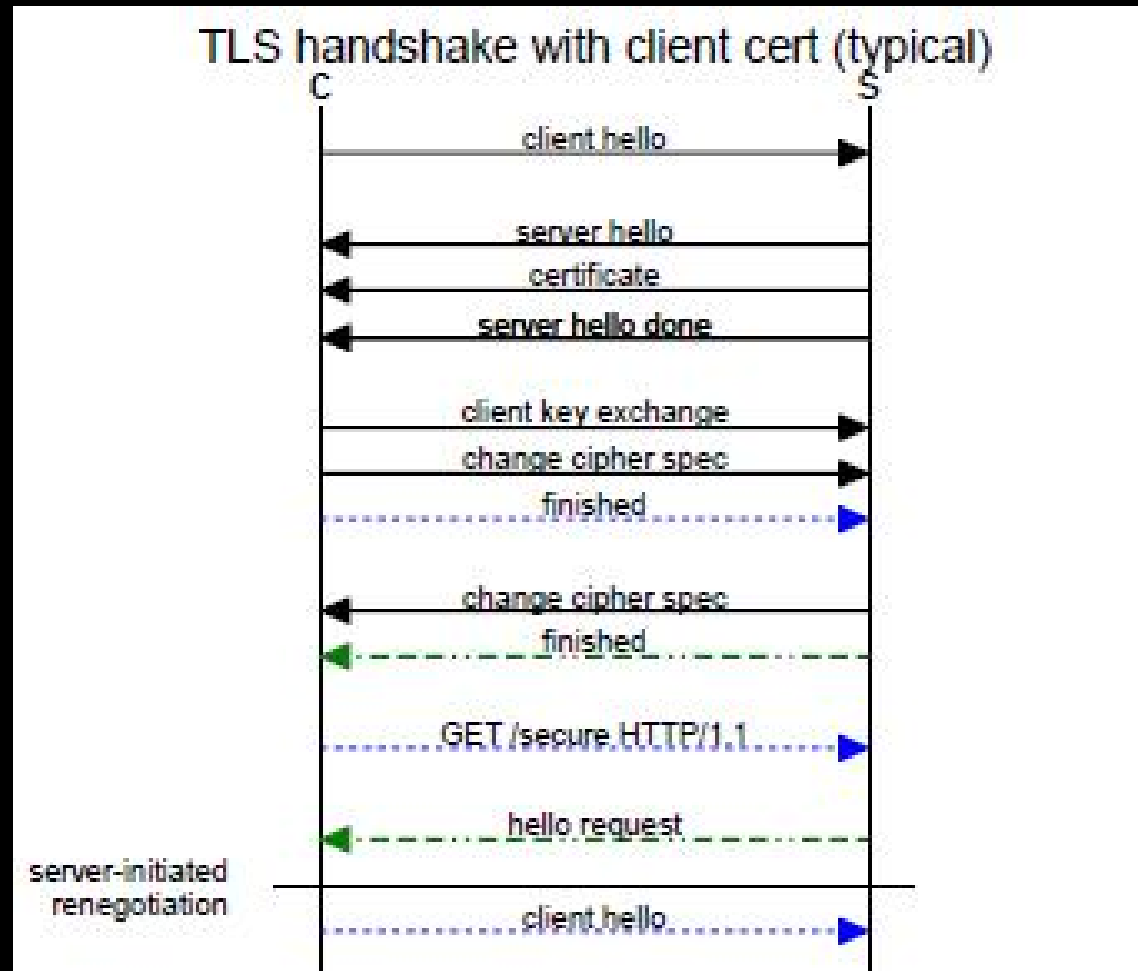
Client and server are allowed to initiate renegotiation of the session encryption in order to:

- » Refresh keys
- » Increase authentication
- » Increase cipher strength
- » Any other reason they see fit

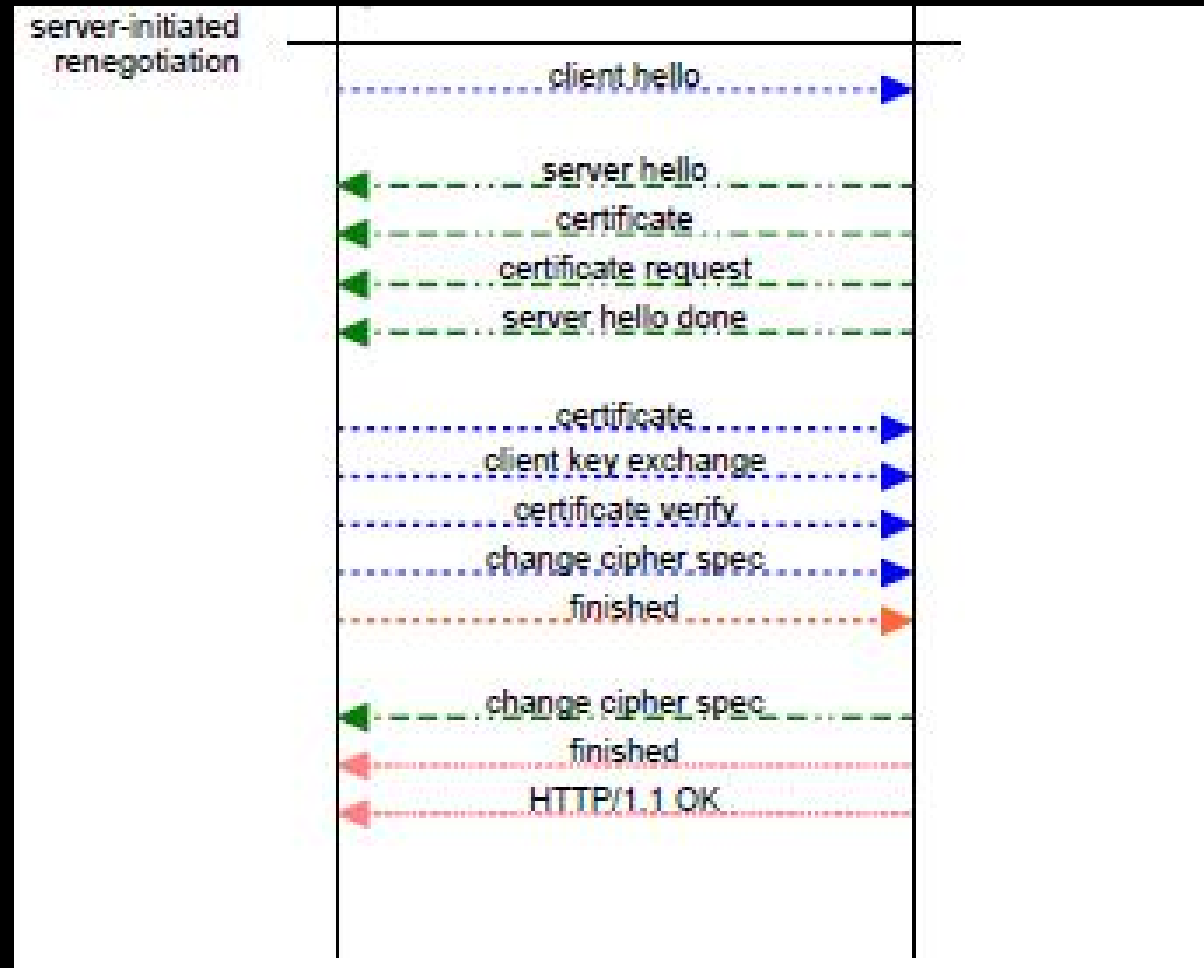
Renegotiation happens if client or server sends a hello message

E.g. a webserver has some directories that require certificate authentication and some that don't

A typical renegotiated SSL session

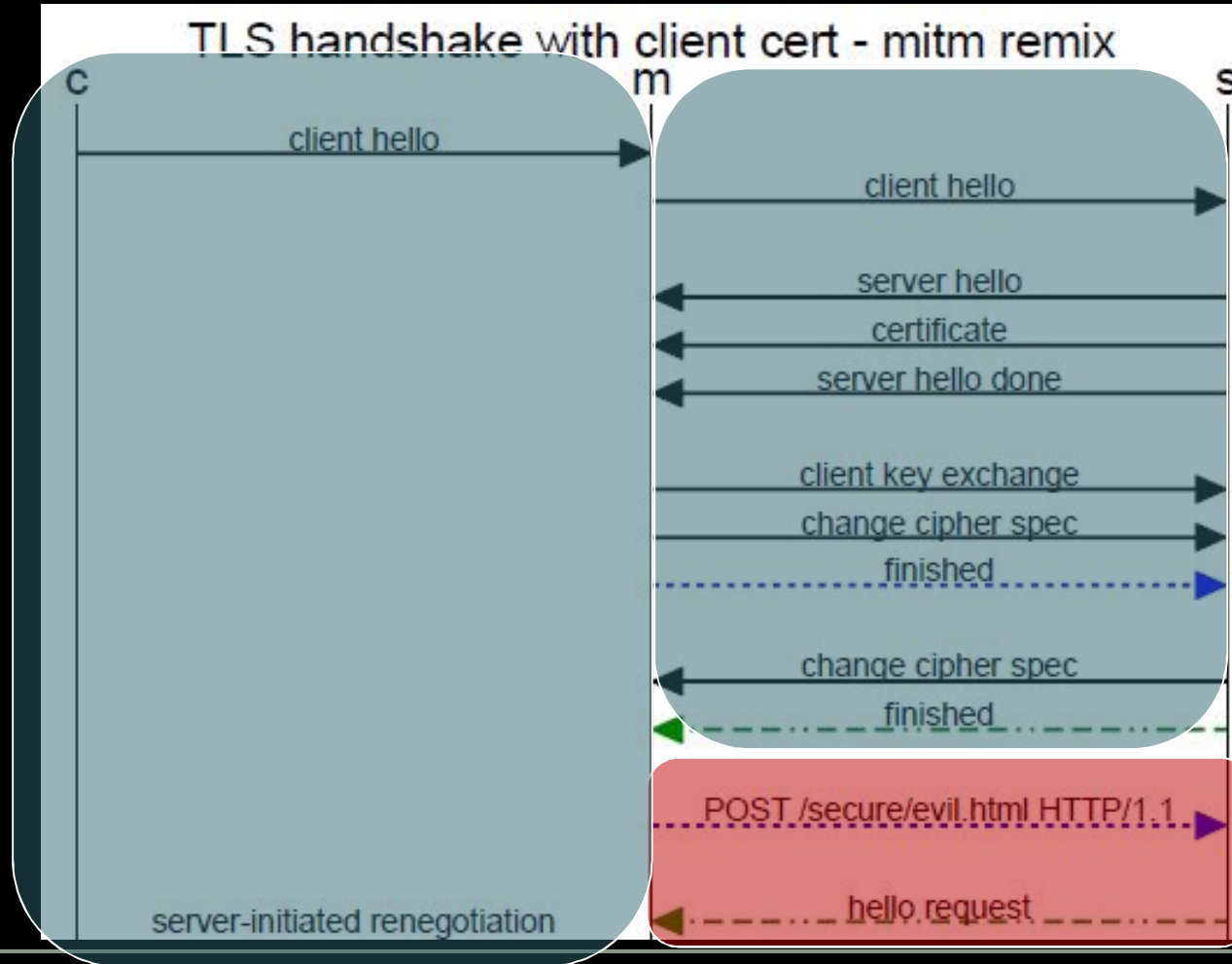


A typical renegotiated SSL session



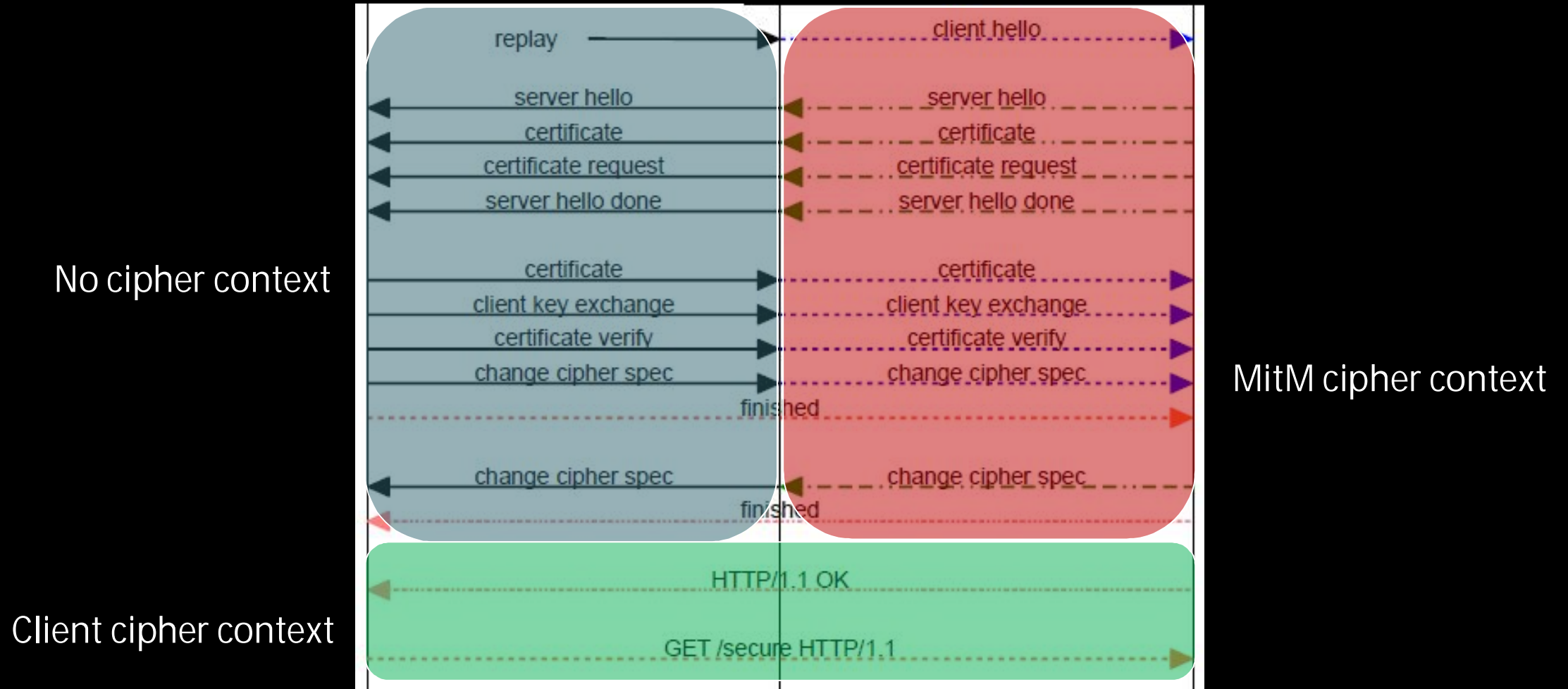
The attack

No cipher context



MitM cipher context

The attack



The consequences

Integrity of the original request

- » Attacker can insert data (text) in front of any data sent by client

Integrity of reply

- » Attacker cannot modify reply, but can prevent that reply reaches client

Confidentiality

- » Attacker cannot decrypt request or reply

Non repudiation

- » It can not longer be guaranteed that the request is the request intended by client, even when client certificates are used

The consequences - Ordering pizza

Normal pizza ordering query:

```
GET /pizza?toppings=ansjovis;address=andrzejs%20place\n
```

```
Cookie: andrzejwillpayyourpizza\n
```

```
\n
```

Attacker sends:

```
GET /pizza?toppings=pepperoni;address=franks%20place\n
```

```
X-ignore-next:
```

Query becomes:

```
GET /pizza?toppings=pepperoni;address=franks%20place\n
```

```
X-ignore-next: GET /pizza?toppings=ansjovis;address=andrzejs%20place\n
```

```
Cookie: andrzejwillpayyourpizza\n
```

```
\n
```

The consequences - Stealing twitter passwords

Confidentiality wasn't broken, but still passwords were stolen. Here's how I think they did it...

Victim message:

```
POST /statusses/update.xml\n
```

```
Authorisation: Basic <victims base 64 creds>\n
```

```
User-agent: <some user agent>
```

```
Status=Victims status\n
```

```
Etc.....
```

Injected message:

```
POST /statusses/update.xml\n
```

```
Authentication-basic: <attacker creds>\n
```

```
Status=
```

Consequences - Stealing twitter passwords

Becomes:

```
POST /statuses/update.xml\n
```

```
Authentication-basic: <attacker creds>\n
```

```
Status=POST /statuses/update.xml\n
```

```
Authorisation: Basic <victims base 64 creds>\n
```

```
User-agent: <some user agent>
```

```
Status=Victims status\n
```

```
Etc.....
```

The consequences - Stealing twitter passwords

```
POST /statuses/update.xml
HTTP/1.1 Authorization: Basic
dmljdGltQGv4YW1wbGUuY29tOnR
User-Agent: curl/7.18.2 (i486-
pc-linux-gnu) |
```

1 minute ago from API

The (lack of) patches (as of 18-11-2009)

IETF

- » There is a proposed draft that addresses this issue (Draft Rescorla TLS renegotiation 01)

OpenSSL

- » Workaround (disable renegotiation) is available for download (OpenSSL 0.9.8l)
- » Fix (based on rescorla draft) is being tested (OpenSSL 0.9.8m)

Microsoft

- » Currently testing interoperability
- » ISS6 and IIS7 not vulnerable for client initiated renegotiation

Cisco

- » Initial testing stage

F5

- » Workaround is available (disable renegotiation completely)
- » Fix in initial testing stage

Mozilla/Firefox/Thunderbird/NSS

- » Initial testing

Sun

- » Initial testing

GNU utils

- » Mostly not affected
- » Initial testing

RSA BSAFE suite

- » Limited beta

Opera

- » Initial testing

Sources

March Ray:

- » <http://extendedsubset.com/>
- » http://extendedsubset.com/Renegotiating_TLS.pdf
- » http://extendedsubset.com/Renegotiating_TLS_pd.pdf

Phonefactor

- » <http://www.phonefactor.com/sslgap/ssl-tls-authentication-patches>

Ekron

- » http://www.educatedguesswork.org/2009/11/understanding_the_tls_renegoti.html

Anil Kurmus

- » <http://www.securegoose.org/2009/11/tls-renegotiation-vulnerability-cve.html>

F5

- » <http://devcentral.f5.com/weblogs/cwalker/archive/2009/11/06/20-lines-or-less-31-ndash-traffic-shaping-header-re-writing.aspx>

Questions?

Want to know more?

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